

Agency MBS & Housing Market Monitor

Mortgage & Securitized Team Q2 2025





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Performance Review



PERFORMANCE REVIEW

Agency MBS Performance

The U.S. Treasury yield curve saw a noticeable steepening in Q2, as the 2-year yield fell by 17 bps, the 10-year yield was relatively flat (up 0.01%) and 30-year Treasury yields were up 19 bps. The U.S. Federal Reserve kept the Fed Funds Rate steady during the quarter at a current target rate of 4.25 – 4.50%.



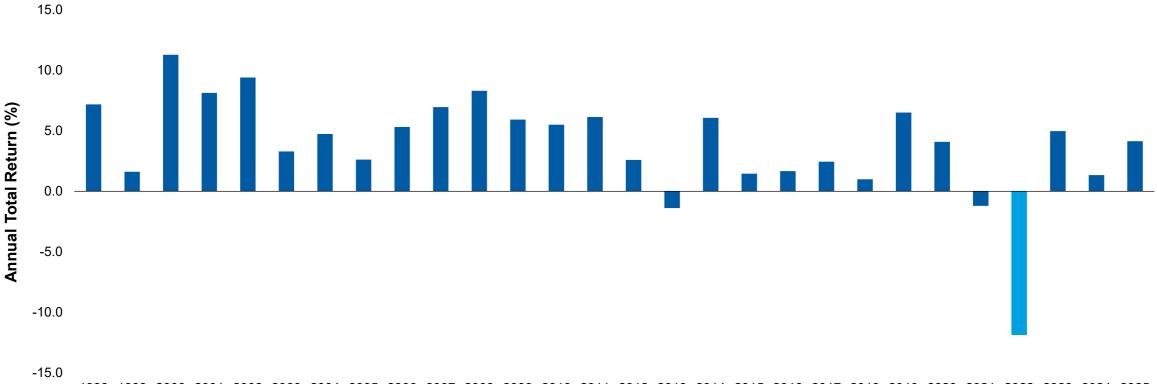
Source: Bloomberg, ICE Data Indices, LLC, as of 6/30/25. Agency MBS represented by ICE BofA U.S. Fixed-Rate CMBS Index. IG Corporate represented by ICE BofA U.S. Fixed-Rate ABS Index. CMBS represented by ICE BofA U.S. Fixed-Rate CMBS Index. IG Corporate represented by ICE BofA US Corporate Index. 3-Month Treasury represented by ICE BofA Current U.S. 2-Year Treasury Index. 5-Year Treasury Index. 10-Year Treasury

PERFORMANCE REVIEW

Agency MBS Annual Returns

The agency MBS market extended its positive performance streak in the 2nd quarter of 2025, and it is now up more than 4% YTD. The sector has benefited from a combination of higher coupon income and falling interest rates in recent months.

ICE BofA US MBS Index - Annual Returns



1998 1999 2000 2001 2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 2025

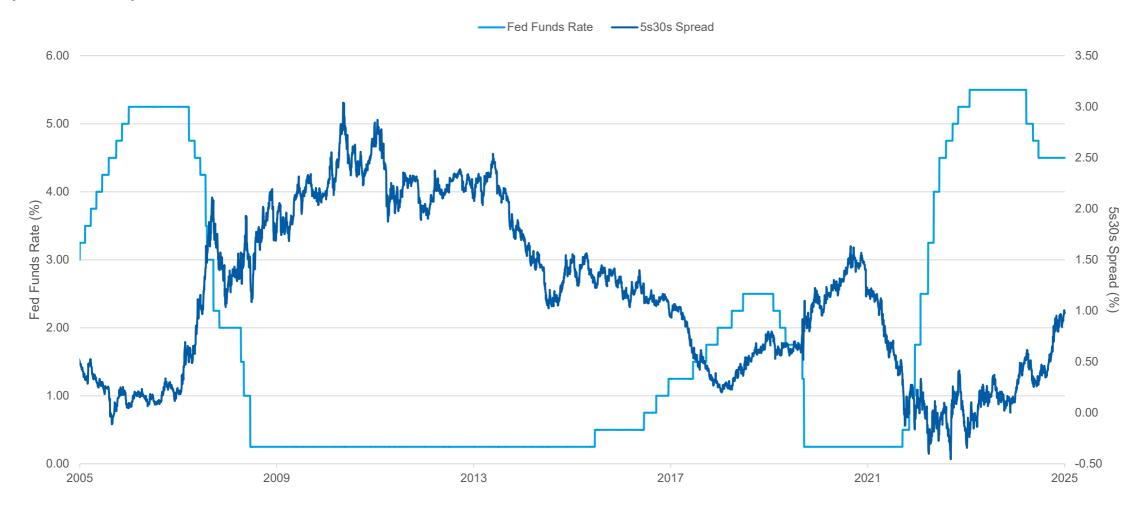
Source: Bloomberg, as of 6/30/25. Agency MBS represented by ICE BofA US MBS Index. Past performance is not a reliable indicator of future results. Data provided is for informational use only. It is not possible to invest directly in an Index. See end of material for important additional information and disclosures.



PERFORMANCE REVIEW

Treasury Yield Curve and Federal Funds Rate

While the U.S. Federal Reserve held the Fed Funds Rate steady in Q2, late in the quarter the market began pricing in a higher likelihood of the Fed resuming its rate-cutting cycle. This was reflected in the steepening of the yield curve, in which short-term yields fell while long-end yields modestly increased.

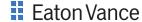


Source: Bloomberg. As of 6/30/2025. Past performance is not a reliable indicator of future results.



Housing Market Update

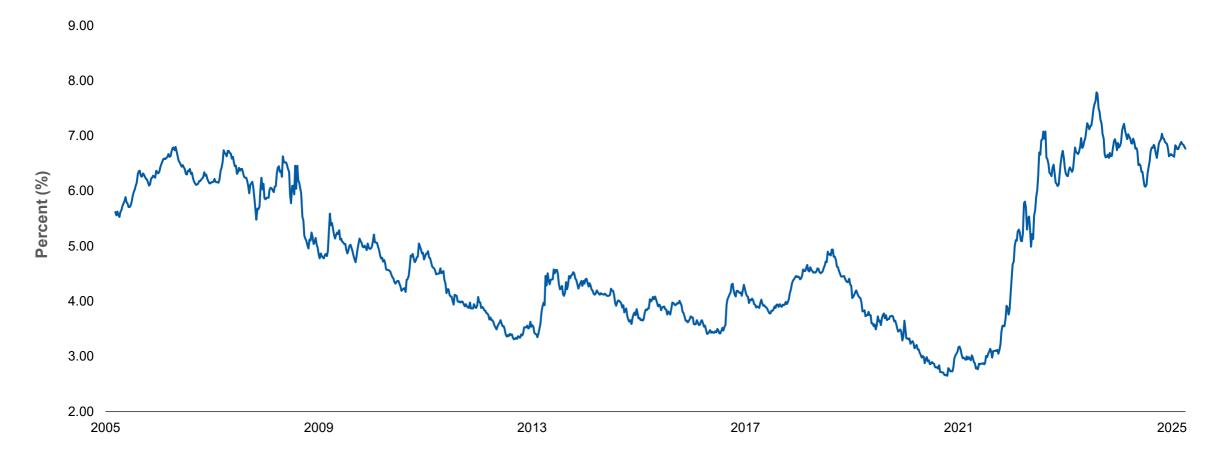




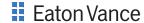
Mortgage Rates

Mortgage rates remain well-above long-term averages due in large part to stubbornly high long-end Treasury yields. Despite expectations for a more accommodative Federal Reserve in the coming quarters, mortgage rates actually rose in Q2, ending the quarter at 6.77%.

30-Year Fixed-Rate Mortgage Average

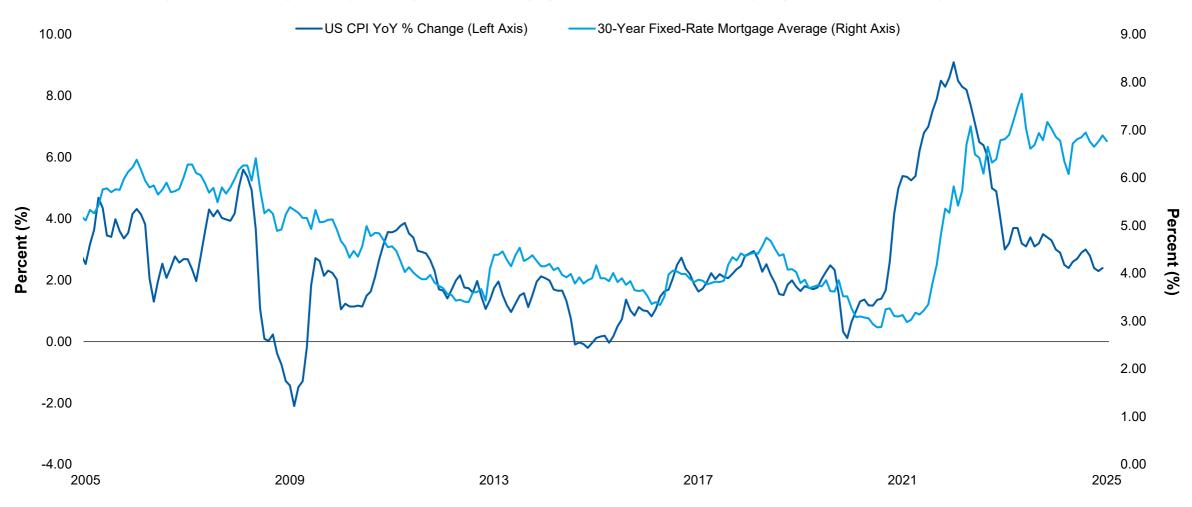


Source: Federal Reserve Economic Data. As of 6/26/25. Past performance is not a reliable indicator of future results. See end of material for important additional information and disclosures.



US Inflation and 30-Year Mortgage Rates

Falling inflation typically coincides with lower mortgage rates, yet that historically trend has not played out in recent quarters. US CPI has cooled dramatically since peaking a few years ago, while mortgage rates remain extremely high relative to history.



Source:, Federal Reserve. As of 6/26/25. CPI represents consumer price index, or inflation. Bloomberg

Home Sales

Home sale activity remains extremely depressed relative to history. However, while new and existing home sales remain below-trend, mortgage applications have been picking up in recent months.

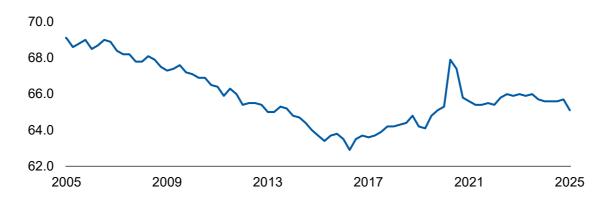
MBA Weekly Mortgage Applications Index ¹

1,500 1,000 500 0 2005 2009 2013 2017 2021 2025

New & Existing Home Sales²



U.S. Homeownership Rate (%)³

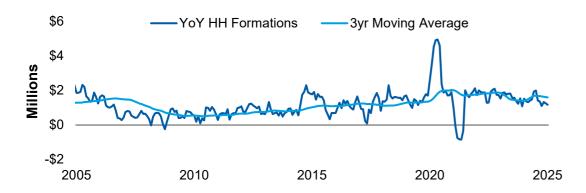


Source: FactSet, Bloomberg. ¹As of 6/27/25. ²As of 5/31/25. Seasonally adjusted annual rate. ³As of 3/31/25.

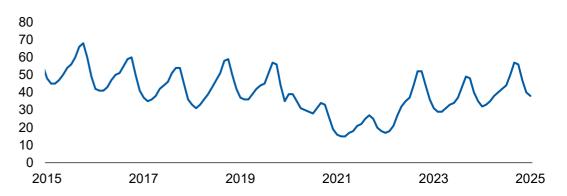
Home Sales (continued)

Housing supply also remains quite low, but contrary to home sales activity, the tightness in supply appears to be easing. The number of single-family homes available for sale has been increasing, as have the months of supply of single-family homes.

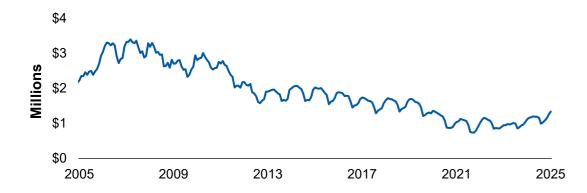
Year-over-Year Change in Household Formations¹



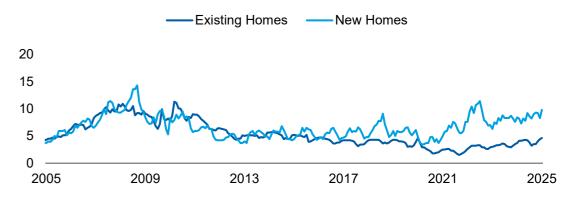
Median Days on Market – National Average²



Single Family Homes Available for Sale²



Months of Supply of Single Family Homes²



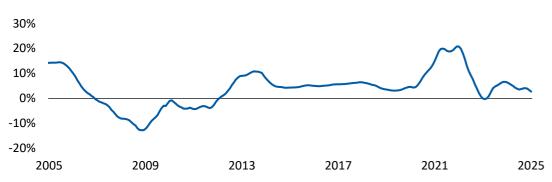
Source: Factset, Bloomberg, Redfin. ¹As of 3/31/25. ²As of 5/31/25.

Home Prices

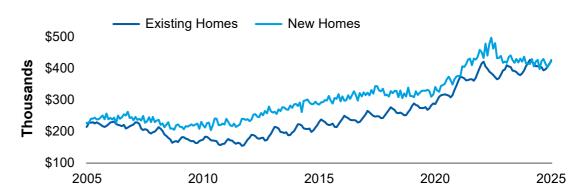
Home prices have continued to rise, but that pace of growth has slowed as more supply has hit the market. The low level of housing affordability may also be impacting demand, which may put further pressure on home prices nationally.

S&P/Case-Schiller U.S. National Home Price Index¹

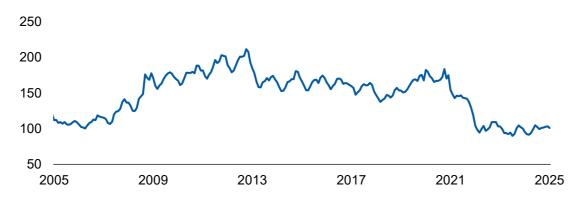
Year-over-Year % Change



Median Home Prices – New & Existing Homes²



NAR Housing Affordability Index³

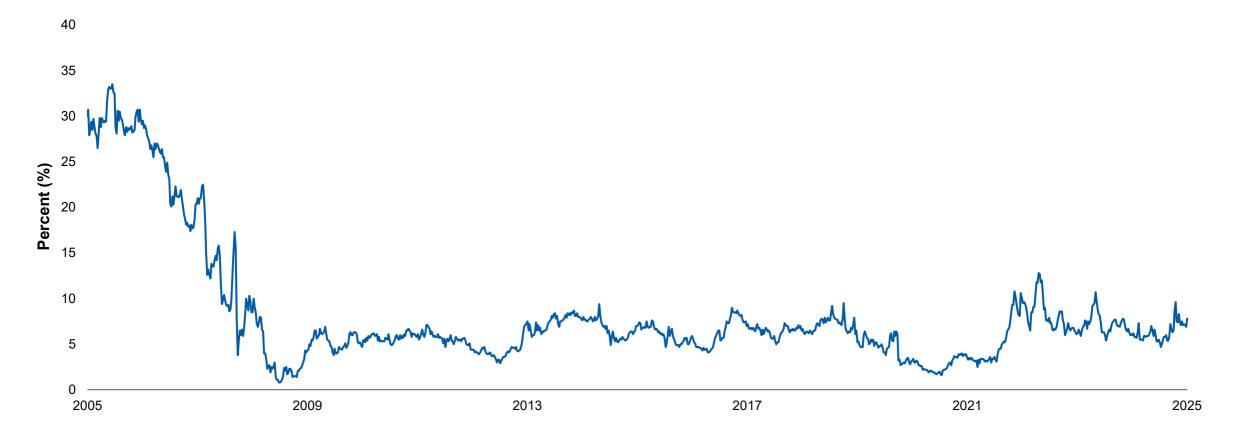


Source: FactSet, Bloomberg. ¹As of 4/30/25. ²As of 5/31/25. ³As of 4/30/25

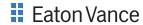
Adjustable-Rate Mortgages (ARM) Share of Origination

As housing has become less affordable, an increasing number of homebuyers are turning to adjustable-rate mortgages, as rates on those products are (for a period of time) lower. While this figure has increased in recent quarters, it remains well-below the levels seen pre-Financial Crisis.

Adjustable-Rate Mortgages - Share of Origination (%)



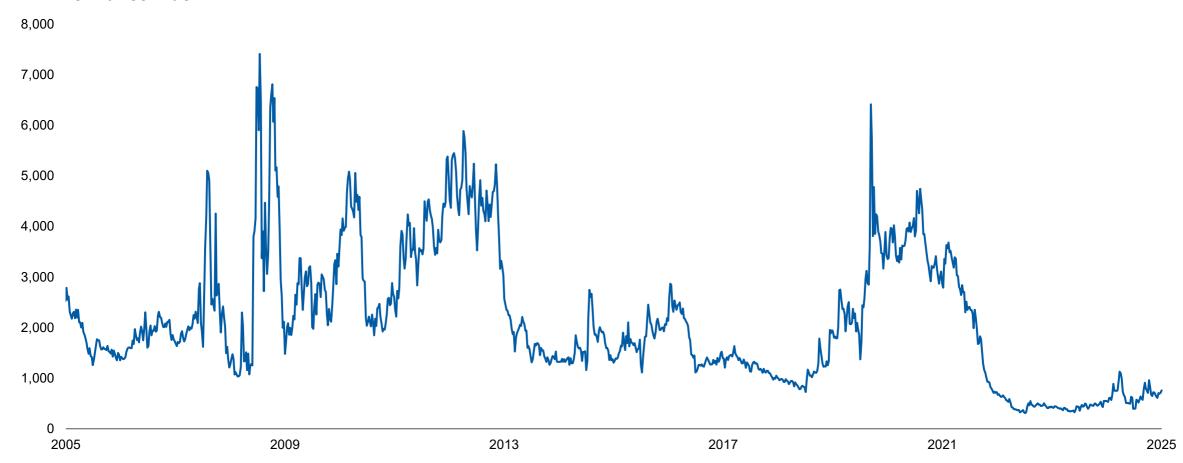
Source: Bloomberg as of 6/27/25. Data provided is for informational use only. See end of material for important additional information and disclosures.



Refinancing Activity

The MBA Refinance Index has been somewhat choppy in recent quarters, but the overall theme of extremely low levels of refi activity remains, and it likely will persist until mortgage rates fall.

MBA Refinance Index

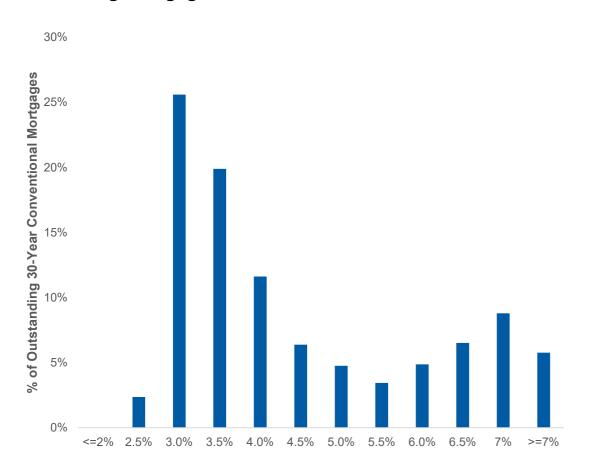


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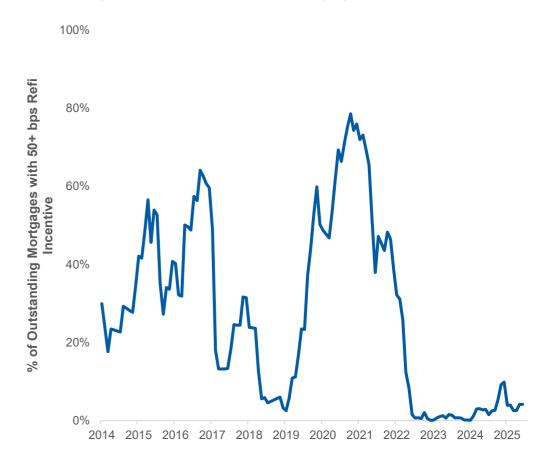
Future Refinancing Potential

With mortgage rates still hovering around 6.5%, refinancing activity is concentrated in only the borrowers with the highest mortgage rates. Today's 30-year fixed-rate mortgage average is still higher than over 95% of all outstanding conventional mortgages.

Outstanding Mortgage Borrower Interest Rate



Percentage of Refinanceable Mortgages



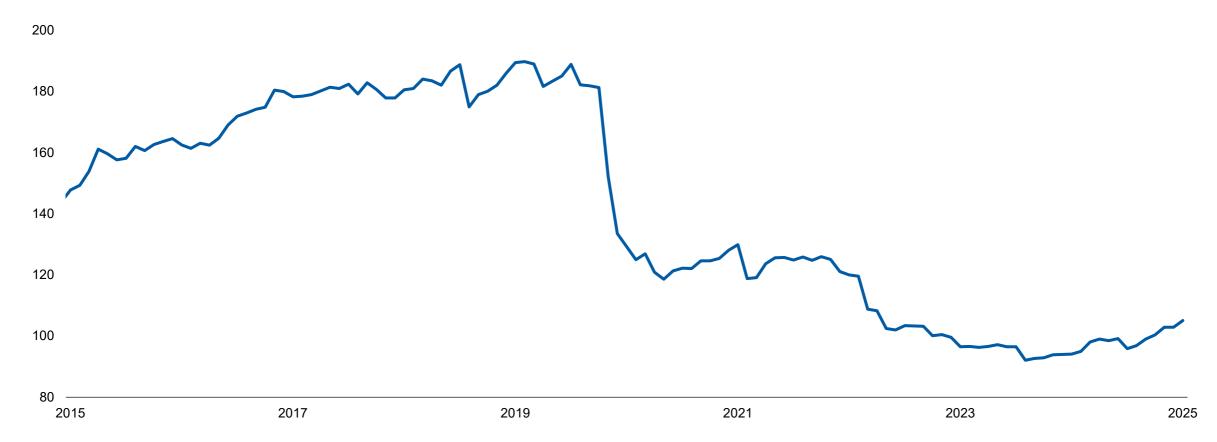
Source: RiskSpan. As of 3/31/23



Credit Availability

Mortgage credit availability has increased in recent quarters but remains near 10-year lows, as higher mortgage rates have negatively impacted the overall mortgage credit landscape. Higher rates also led to falling cash-out refinance activity, which had previously been on the rise due to higher home prices and growing levels of home equity.

MBA Mortgage Credit Availability Index



Source: Mortgage Bankers' Association, Bloomberg, Freddie Mac. As of 5/31/25.



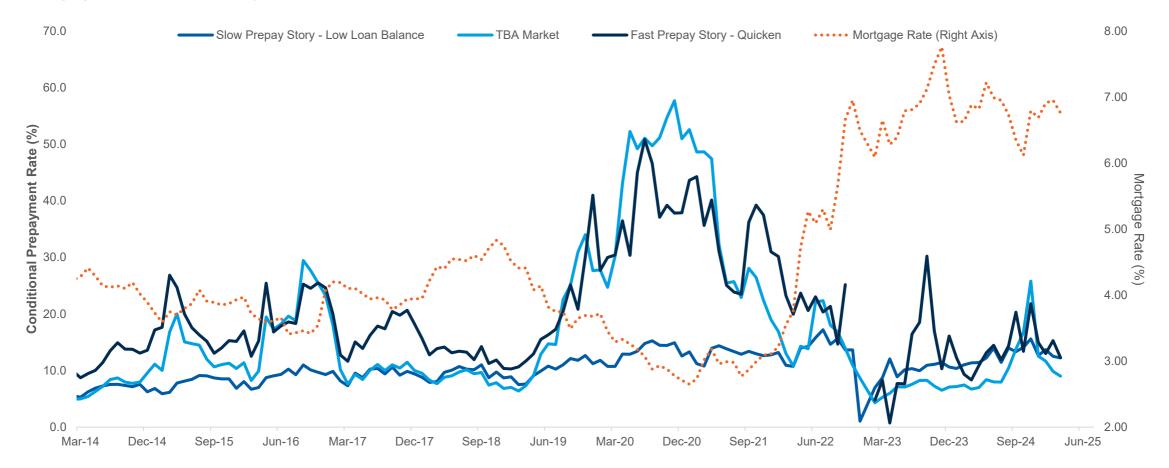
Agency MBS Market Update



Prepayment Speeds

MBS prepayment speeds remain slow in response to high mortgage rates, although we expect speeds to increase for more recent borrowers as mortgage rates have lowered slightly and the housing market seasonals will pick up in the spring. Importantly, this will cause the speed differentials between different types of collateral to widen.

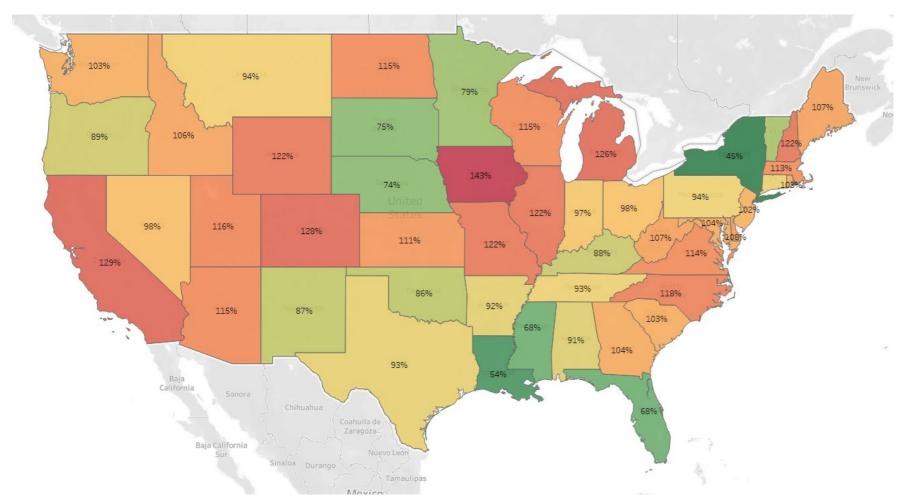
Mortgage Rates and Prepayment Speeds



Source: Eaton Vance, RiskSpan. As of 6/30/25. Slow Prepay Story – Low Loan Balance represents an MBS pool in which the underlying mortgages have a low outstanding principal balance. TBA Market represents the generic agency MBS market. Fast Prepay Story – Quicken represents an MBS pool in which the underlying mortgages are serviced by Quicken Loans.

Prepayment Speeds

Prepayment speeds also often vary by geography, as some states may experience greater refinancing or home purchase activity depending on regional housing trends or even state and local regulations. Interestingly, the cooling of the housing market has caused prepays to dramatically slow in many of the states that had historically had some of the fastest prepayment speeds.



Source: FTN. As of 6/30/25. Percentages reflect aggregate state prepayment speeds across all coupons relative to the aggregate universe prepayment speed across all coupons.

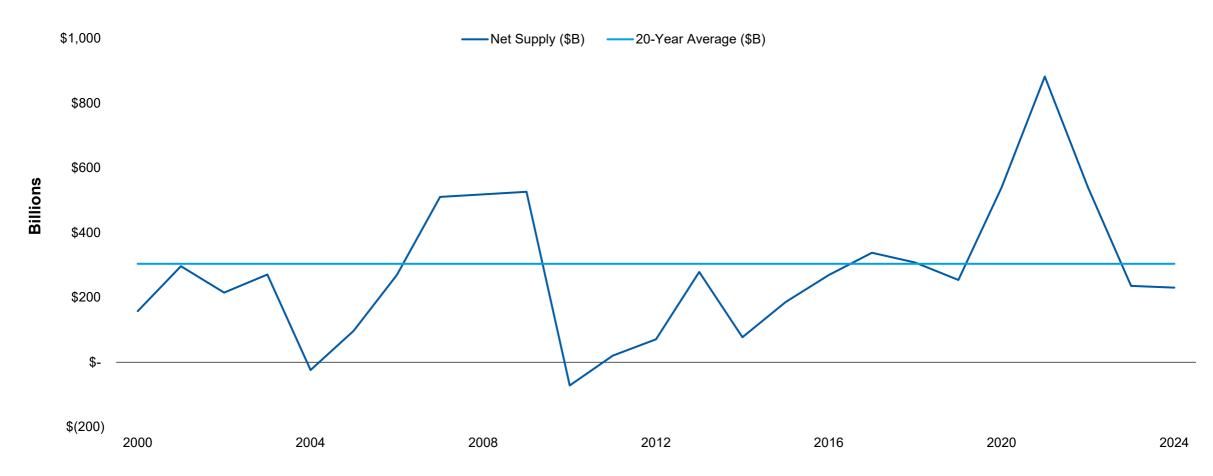
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AGENCY MBS MARKET UPDATE

Agency MBS Supply

After hitting a record high in net issuance in 2021, Agency MBS supply has fallen dramatically in each of the last three years as high mortgage rates have dampened refinancing activity and cooled the U.S. housing market.

Agency MBS Net Issuance



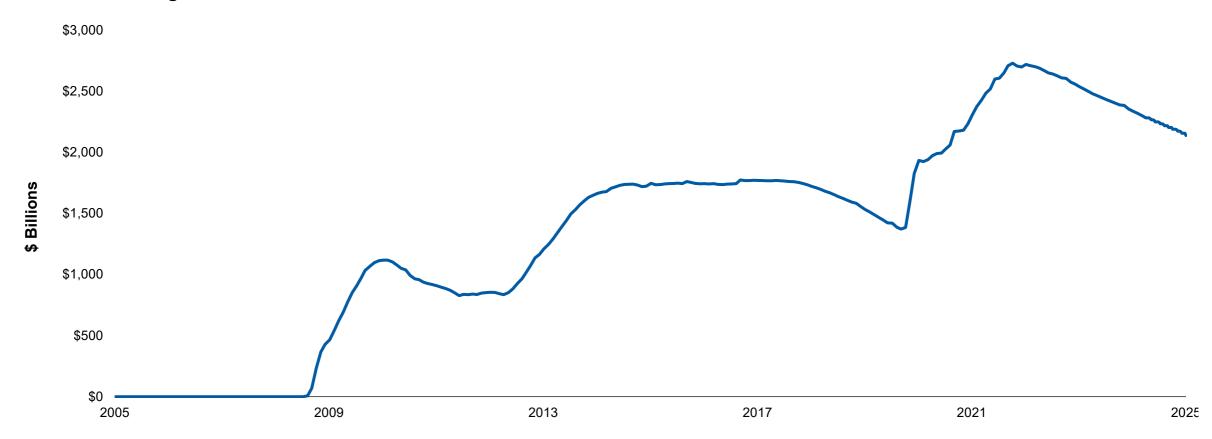
Source: JP Morgan. As of 12/31/24. Forecasts/estimates are based on current market conditions, subject to change, and may not necessarily come to pass.



Federal Reserve MBS Holdings

The Fed continued its balance sheet reduction in the first quarter, reducing its MBS holdings by nearly \$45 billion. With the Fed now easing monetary policy through cuts to the Fed Funds rate, many market participants are wondering how much longer the Fed's balance sheet runoff will continue.

Fed MBS Holdings



Source: Federal Reserve. As of 6/25/25.

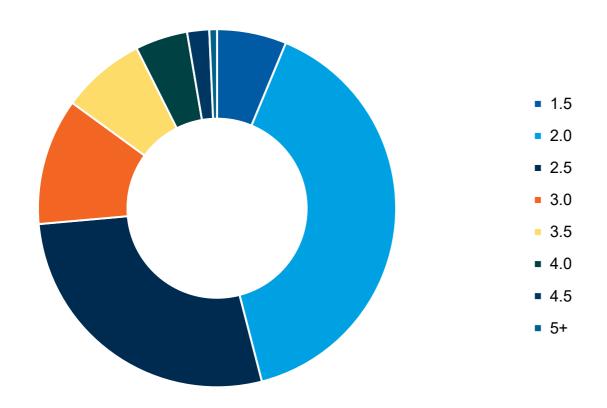
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AGENCY MBS MARKET UPDATE

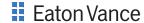
Federal Reserve MBS Holdings (continued)

As the Fed generally focused its quantitative easing (QE) purchases on the coupons where origination was the highest, its MBS portfolio is still dominated by 2% and 2.5% coupon MBS.

Fed MBS Holdings by Coupon (\$B)



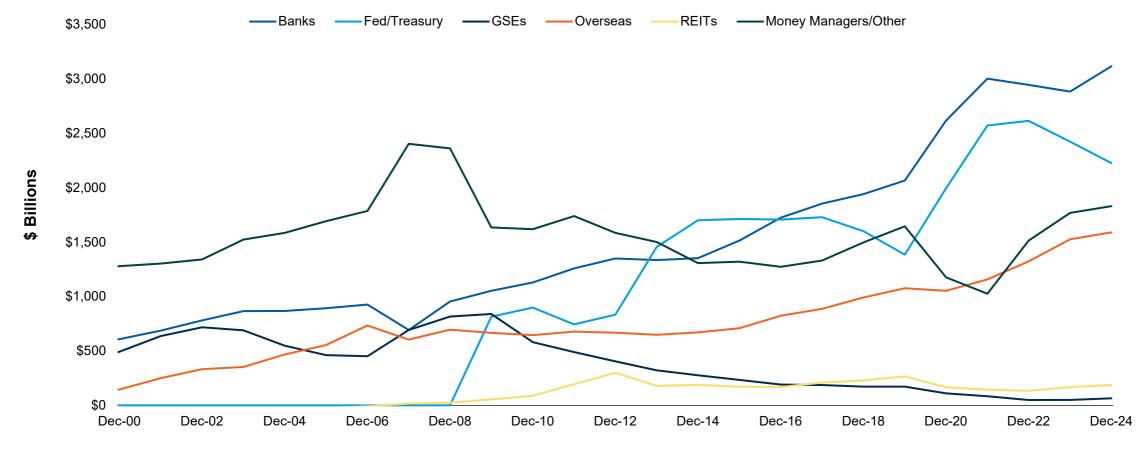
Source: Federal Reserve. As of 6/25/25.



Agency MBS Ownership

The Agency MBS market has an extremely diverse investor base. While the Fed is decreasing the size of its MBS portfolio, money managers have picked up some of that slack. In addition, bank holdings, which had been muted for much of the last few years, are beginning to increase as well.

Agency MBS Holdings (\$B)

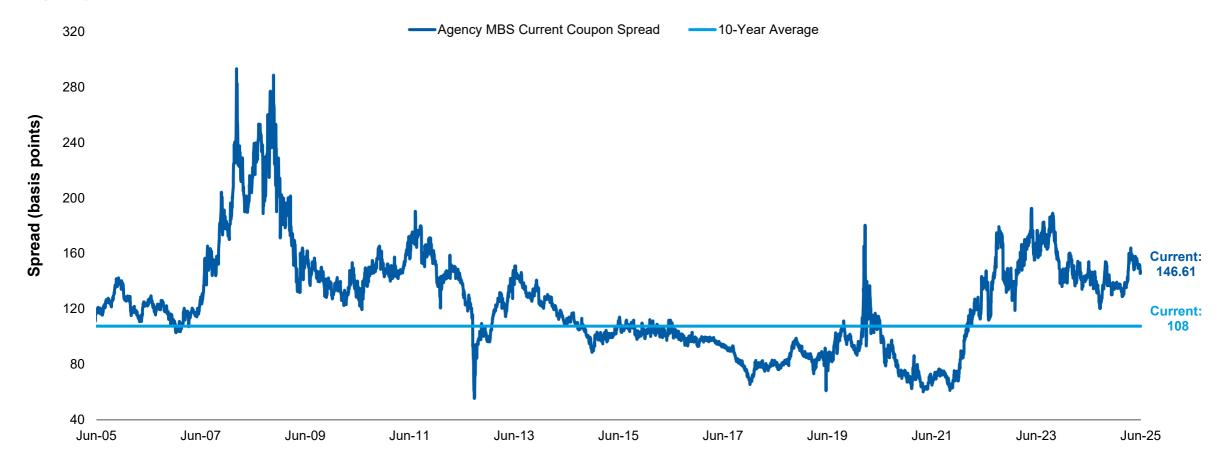


Source: Morgan Stanley. As of 12/31/24.

Current Valuations

Agency MBS spreads widened by 8 basis points in the first quarter. Elevated interest rate volatility and concerns about increased MBS supply due to lower mortgage rates pushed spreads wider. On a historical basis, agency MBS spreads remain more than 30 bps wider than their average over the last 10 years.

Agency MBS Spread vs. U.S. Treasuries

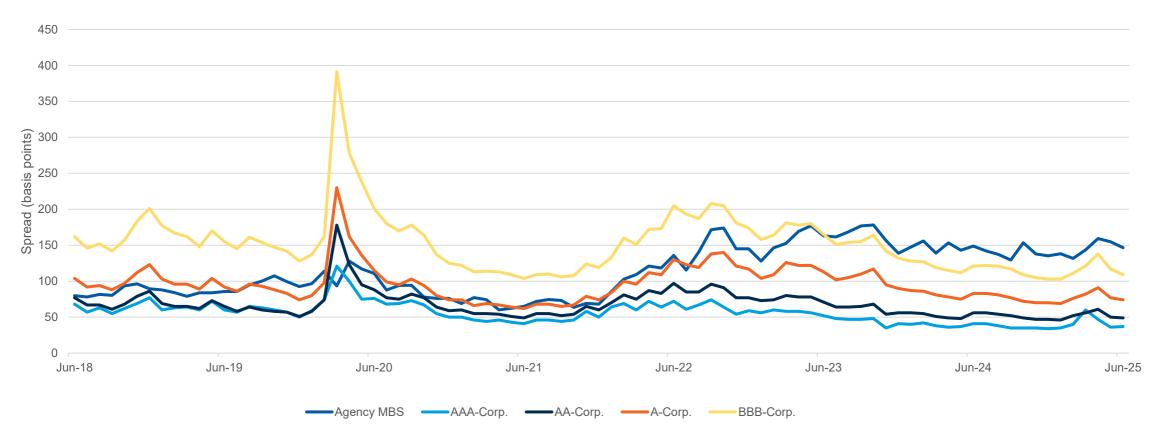


Source: Bloomberg . As of 6/30/25. Agency MBS spread reflects current coupon spread over 5/10yr US Treasury blend. Past performance is not a reliable indicator of future results.

Relative Valuations

While agency MBS spreads widened modestly in the second quarter, investment grade corporates actually tightened during the quarter. Higher interest rate volatility, sparked by tariff concerns in the U.S., caused a widening of spreads across all spread sectors in April. However, the recovery in the closing months of the quarter left agency MBS spreads wider than lower-rated IG corporates.

Spread to U.S. Treasuries



Source: Intercontinental Exchange, Bloomberg . As of 6/30/25. Agency MBS spread reflects current coupon spread over 5/10yr US Treasury blend. Corporates represented by ICE BofA US Corporate Indices. Past performance is not a reliable indicator of future results. Data provided for informational purposes only. It is not possible to invest directly in an index.

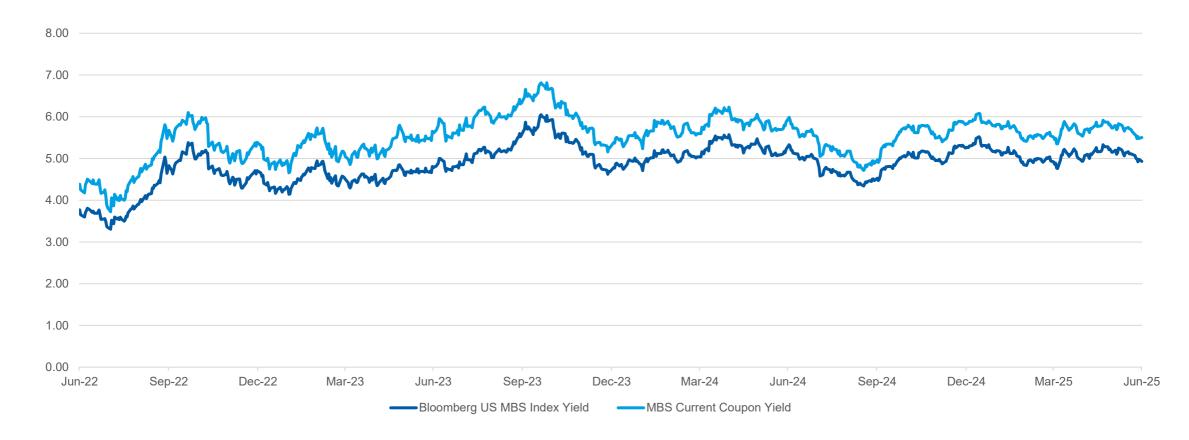
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AGENCY MBS MARKET UPDATE

MBS Yields

The rally in interest rates more than offset the negative impact of gradual spread widening in the agency MBS market. While MBS yields have remained somewhat range-bound recently, yields have risen sharply since the pandemic. The yield of the Bloomberg US MBS Index ended the quarter at 4.93%, while the MBS current coupon yield closed June 2025 at 5.50%.

Yield to Worst

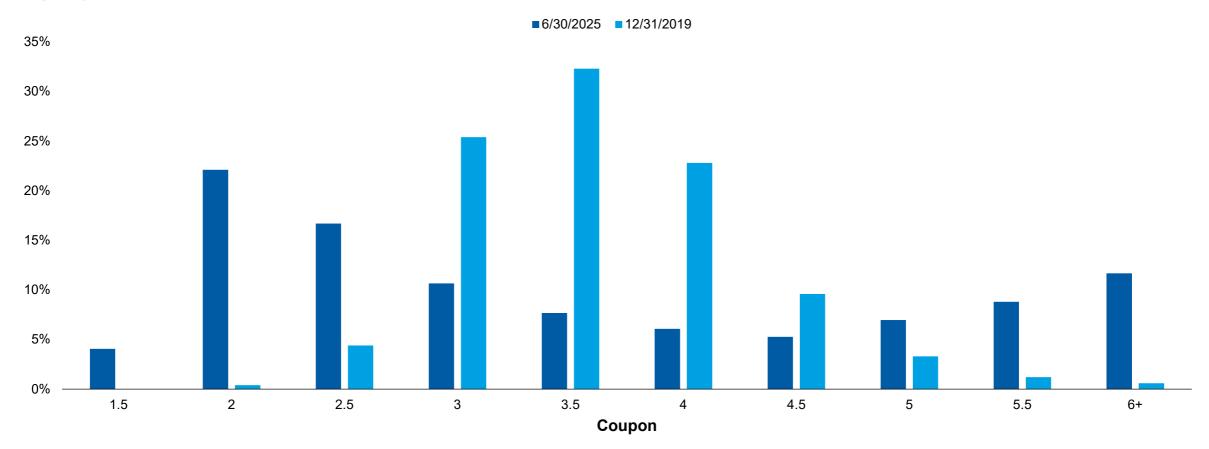


Source: Bloomberg. As of 6/30/25. Past performance is not a reliable indicator of future results. Data provided for informational purposes only. It is not possible to invest directly in an index.

MBS Index Composition

The coupon breakdown of the MBS index has changed dramatically since before the pandemic. The sharp drop in mortgage rates combined with a spike in origination of low-coupon MBS in 2020 and 2021 caused the index to become heavily weighted in low-coupon bonds.

Agency MBS Index - Coupon Breakdown



Source: Bloomberg . As of 6/30/25. Agency MBS represented by the Bloomberg US MBS Index. Past performance is not a reliable indicator of future results. Data provided for informational purposes only. It is not possible to invest directly in an index.

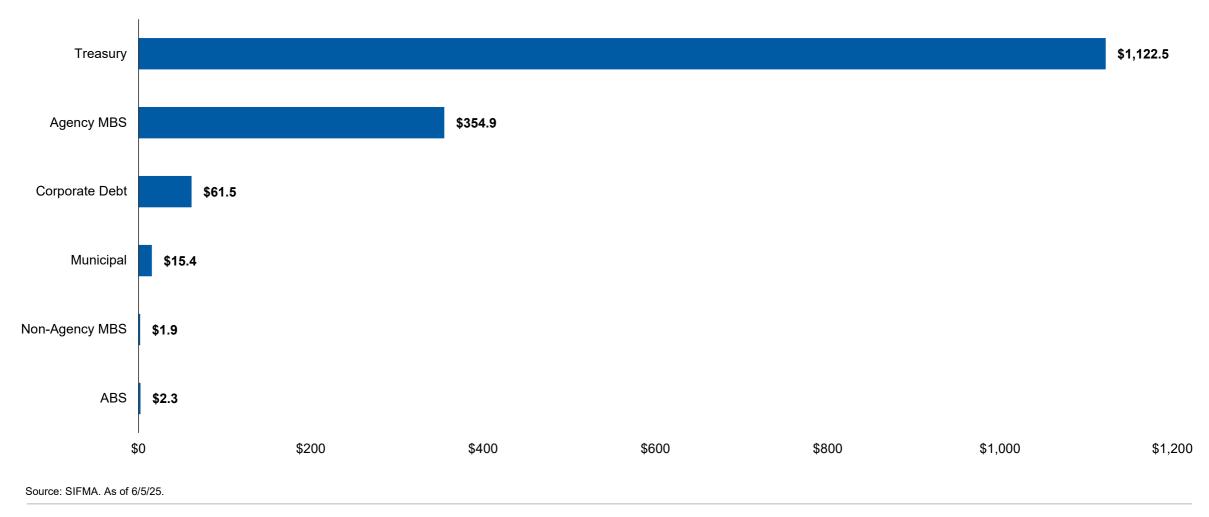
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AGENCY MBS MARKET UPDATE

Liquidity

The Agency MBS market is the 2nd most liquid U.S. fixed income market, behind only Treasuries.

Average Daily Trading Volume (\$B)



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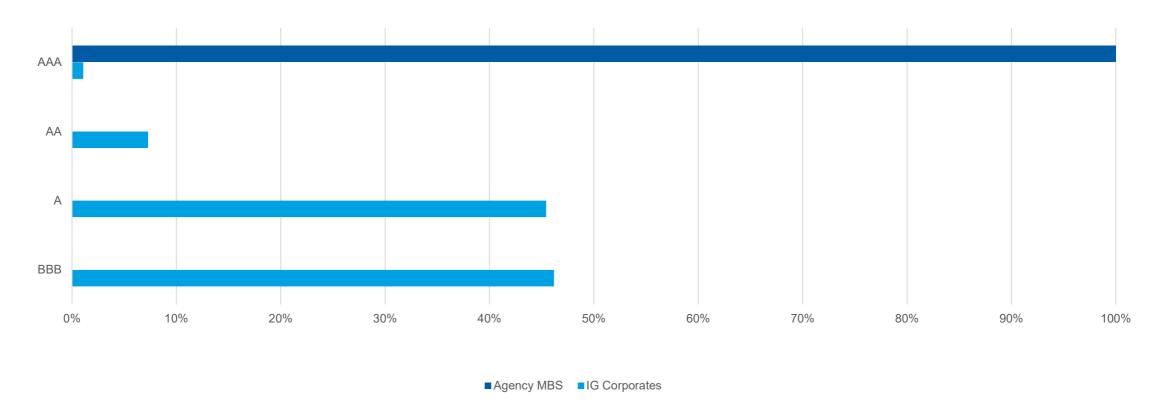
AGENCY MBS MARKET UPDATE

Credit Quality

Not only do Agency MBS currently offer higher yields than parts of the investment-grade corporate bond market, but they also offer higher credit quality.

Credit Quality Breakdown





Source: Bloomberg, Intercontinental Exchange. As of 6/30/25. Agency MBS represented by Bloomberg US MBS Index. IG Corporates represented by ICE BofA US Corporate Index. Data provided for informational purposes only. It is not possible to invest directly in an index.

Important Information and Disclosure

INDEX DEFINITIONS:

Bloomberg U.S. Mortgage Backed Securities (MBS) measures agency mortgage-backed pass-through securities issued by GNMA, FNMA, and FHLMC.

Bloomberg CMBS Index tracks the performance of US dollar denominated investment grade fixed rate commercial mortgage backed securities publicly issued in the US domestic market.

Bloomberg Asset Backed Securities (ABS) Index tracks the performance of US dollar denominated investment grade fixed rate asset backed securities publicly issued in the US domestic market.

ICE BofA U.S. Treasury Index tracks the performance of US dollar denominated sovereign debt publicly issued by the US government in its domestic market.

ICE BofA U.S. 3-Month Treasury Bill Index is comprised of a single issue purchased at the beginning of the month and held for a full month.

ICE BofA Current U.S. 2-Year Treasury Index is a one-security index comprised of the most recently issued 2-year US Treasury note.

ICE BofA Current U.S. 5-Year Treasury Index is a one-security index comprised of the most recently issued 5-year US Treasury note.

ICE BofA Current U.S. 10-Year Treasury Index is a one-security index comprised of the most recently issued 10-year US Treasury note.

ICE BofA Current U.S. 30-Year Treasury Index is a one-security index comprised of the most recently issued 30-year US Treasury bond.

ICE BofA U.S. Corporate Index tracks the performance of US dollar denominated investment grade corporate debt publicly issued in the US domestic market.

ICE BofA AAA U.S. Corporate Index is a subset of ICE BofA US Corporate Index including all securities rated AAA.

ICE BofA AA U.S. Corporate Index is a subset of ICE BofA US Corporate Index including all securities rated AA1 through AA3, inclusive.

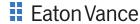
ICE BofA AA U.S. Corporate Index is a subset of ICE BofA US Corporate Index including all securities rated A1 through A3, inclusive.

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ABOUT ASSET CLASS COMPARISONS:

Elements of this report include comparisons of different asset classes, each of which has distinct risk and return characteristics. Every investment carries risk, and principal values and performance will fluctuate with all asset classes shown, sometimes substantially. Asset classes shown are not insured by the FDIC and are not deposits or other obligations of, or guaranteed by, any depository institution. All asset classes shown are subject to risks, including possible loss of principal invested. The principal risks involved with investing in the asset classes shown are interest-rate risk, credit risk and liquidity risk, with each asset class shown offering a distinct combination of these risks. Generally, considered along a spectrum of risks and return potential, U.S. Treasury securities (which are guaranteed as to the payment of principal and interest by the U.S. government) offer lower credit risk, higher levels of liquidity, higher interest-rate risk and lower return potential, whereas asset classes such as high-yield corporate bonds and emerging market bonds offer higher credit risk, lower levels of liquidity, lower interest-rate risk and higher return potential. Other asset classes shown carry different levels of each of these risk and return characteristics, and as a result generally fall varying degrees along the risk/return spectrum. Costs and expenses associated with investing in asset classes shown will vary, sometimes substantially, depending upon specific investment vehicles chosen. No investment in the asset classes shown is insured or quaranteed, unless explicitly stated for a specific investment vehicle. Interest income earned on asset classes shown is subject to ordinary federal, state and local income taxes, excepting U.S. Treasury securities (exempt from state and local income taxes) and municipal securities (exempt from federal income taxes, with certain securities exempt from federal, state and local income taxes). In addition, federal and/or state capital gains taxes may apply to investments that are sold at a profit. Eaton Vance does not provide tax or legal advice. Prospective investors should consult with a tax or legal advisor before making any investment decision.

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Debt securities are subject to risks that the issuer will not meet its payment obligations. Low rated or equivalent unrated debt securities of the type in which a strategy will invest generally offer a higher return than higher rated debt securities, but also are subject to greater risks that the issuer will default. Unrated bonds are generally regarded as being speculative. In emerging (or frontier) countries, these risks may be more significant.

Credit ratings measure the quality of a bond based on the issuer's creditworthiness, with ratings ranging from AAA, being the highest, to D, being the lowest based on S&P's measures. Ratings of BBB- or higher by Standard and Poor's or Fitch (Baa3 or higher by Moody's) are considered to be investment grade quality. Credit ratings are based largely on the rating agency's analysis at the time of rating. The rating assigned to any particular security is not necessarily a reflection of the issuer's current financial condition and does not necessarily reflect its assessment of the volatility of a security's market value or of the liquidity of an investment in the security. If securities are rated differently by the rating agencies, the lower rating is applied. Holdings designated as "Not Rated" are not rated by the national rating agencies stated above.

Source of all data: Eaton Vance, as of 6/30/25, unless otherwise specified.

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A separately managed account may not be appropriate for all investors. Separate accounts managed according to the Strategy include a number of securities and will not necessarily track the performance of any index. Please consider the investment objectives, risks and fees of the Strategy carefully before investing. A minimum asset level is required. For important information about the investment managers, please refer to Form ADV Part 2.

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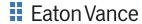
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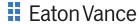


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37867 | 7.7.2025 | RO: 4377025 | Exp. 4.29.2026